

TITUSVILLE ADVERTISER.

THE LATEST NEWS.

THE PROFESSOR'S VISIT OF THE SEVENTH REGIMENT TO PARIS.

ARREST OF A SUPPOSED MURDERER.

COLLISION ON THE NEW YORK AND Erie ROAD—SEVERAL PERSONS INJURED.

THE CABINET DISCUSSING THE CASE OF JEFF DAVIS.

RECONCILIATION OF SANTA ANA AND JUAREZ.

TORNADO IN INDIANA.

SEVERAL LIVES REPORTED LOST.

BURNING OF THE ARLINGTON MILLS AT LAWRENCE.

STATEMENT OF THE EARNINGS OF THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The proposed visit of the Seventh Regiment to Paris is attracting much attention, and a board of officers have the matter under advisement. The cost is estimated at \$100,000 to \$150,000. Robert Morris has been arrested on suspicion of the murder of Walker, on the Centre Course. He was formerly a boster in Walker's stable.

Two trains collided on the New York & Erie Railroad, near Cheektowaga, yesterday, crushing the cars and injuring a returning soldier, Thomas H. Palmer, 2d Lt., 1st Regt., Peter P. Everett, of New York, and A. Rogers, blacksmith.

A Times' Paris correspondent confirms the report that the French Government will recall its army of occupation. It says there is a probability of Maximin's abdicating and that he will be appointed President. Recent events in France are said to favor such a change.

A Tribune' Washington special says the case of Jeff Davis is under discussion in the Cabinet Tuesday and the conclusion arrived at will soon be made public.

A Tribune' Nashville special says there will be no election in Tennessee until the 15th, when eight members of the Legislature will be elected. These are to be chosen by popular vote by the expulsion of the rebels last spring.

The Herald's Washington special says it is confidently asserted here, by gentlemen who are interested, that Santa Anna and Juarez have settled their difficulties and that an expedition with Santa Anna at his head, will land upon the Mexican coast in time to intercept the French and Austrian armies as they approach the Texan coast. The purpose of the expedition, "The bargain," is that Juarez is to wrest from Maximilian the confiscated Church property and Santa Anna is to remove his own confiscated property, said to be of almost fabulous value.

Sr. Louis, Oct. 10.

Four meetings were held in different parts of the city to-night, at which members of the South delegation spoke to large and enthusiastic audiences. The delegation leaves to-morrow for Springfield, Ill., where a grand demonstration will be made at the tomb of Lincoln.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 9.

A tornado passed over Franklin, Indiana, at 4:30 this afternoon, prostrating the North wall of the railroad depot, and causing considerable damage to the town. Several lives were reported lost, but prostration wires will prevent further particulars.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.

By the Manhattan, just arrived from Vera Cruz, we learn that it was reported in that city that Maximilian had taken a strong stand again in relation to retaining the Empire in Mexico, that French money was on its way to him, so that the French troops will remain to support him.

TOMORROW, Oct. 10.

The Grand Jury at the session of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, sitting here last week, indicted Drs. Jonathan Edward Turner and Thos. Jefferson Gardner, Superintendent and Assistant Physician of the State Insane Asylum for casting fire to the north wing of that building on the 16th of September, 1864, by which that portion was destroyed. Drs. Turner and Gardner gave bail in the sum of \$50,000 each to appear and answer to the charge.

TOMORROW, Oct. 10.

The party of Royal Engineers who lately arrived are in-petting the country to decide upon the feasibility of erecting fortifications.

The 1st regiment had no sooner disembarked at Quebec than orders were received sending them immediately to Bermuda.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.

The Commercial's Albany special says: "Charges of selling saloonsides were brought against Grier & Fenton to-day against Charles G. Cornell, Street Commissioner of New York City. A committee of eminent citizens from the legal bureau of the Citizens' Association met the Governor by special appointment and presented the charges in behalf of the Citizens' Association. The defendant is a very voluminous one, containing seventeen charges for alleged fraudulent abuse of official power, misconduct, and malfeasance in office."

HALIFAX, Oct. 10.

The steamer Asia, from Liverpool 28th, via Liverpool 30th of September, arrived here this morning.

The Atlantic Telegraph Company had a special meeting on the 29th of September.

Right Hon. J. S. Watney, Chairman, said that he anticipated at a very early moment a great reduction in the cable, until probably to one-half the present rate.

In fifty-five days, ending September 21, the cable earned \$46,000, which would make an average, including Sundays and holidays, of \$800 per day. All expenses, including the agent's salary, were deducted, so that if they excluded the exceptional day when the cable could not work at all, the average would be \$900 a day.

MIDWEEKERS, N. Y., Oct. 10.

The Republic Convention to-day nominated Gen. C. H. Van Wyck for Congress by acclamation.

BOSTON, Oct. 10.

The Republican Convention in the 6th Congressional District to-day nominated Hon. Geo. Brownell for re-election to Congress by acclamation.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

Copy of the Report of the Committee of Awards of the American Institute, New York, October, 1865.

TO THE AMERICAN BREWING MACHINE CO.,

FOR THE HIGHEST GOLD MEDAL.

REASON.—The simplicity and great range of work. 2d. In making the different sizes of Kegs, Bushel, Bushel and Double Bushel. 3d. The Revolving Pneumatic Motion, operated by simply turning a Thumb Screw, enabling the operator to turn the Kegs without the use of hands. The perfect finish and substantial manner in which the machine is made. 4th. The simplicity of its construction, and the facility of the work done. 5th. Its self-acting Tension.

Call and examine the Machine in operation at first house on north side of Walnut, east of Franklin street.

Myself,

STEPHEN WAITE, Agent.

FOR SALE.

THE TITUSVILLE WATER WELL CO.,

are now prepared to put down at short notice the jadly

CHILLED WATER WELLS.

for family use. Also Pumps for sale. The only kind that is adapted for these Wells. Also extra handles, time and valves for sale by the Company. Persons are invited to call and inquire on the part of the Company. Goods left with Quimby & Clark, or with the Agent will be attended to.

myself,

STEPHEN WAITE.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

We keep constantly on hand a full stock of

SCHOOL, BLANK AND MISCELLANEOUS,

BOOKS,

and a complete assortment of

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

STATIONERY.

DEALER SUPPLIED OF LIBERAL TERMS.

STEIN & PHELPS,

No. 25 West Spring street, Titusville, Pa.

SECOND HAND STOVES.

Three Par. or Office Stoves for sale, with pipe, by Sept. 27th.

STEPHEN WAITE.

PEACHES, PEACHES.

Very choice yellow and early Yorks received daily by express and sold by the box or at retail by

H. M. HALL.

H. M. HALL,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

Spring street, opposite American Hotel, Titusville, Pa.

VINEGAR SPICKLES,

by the box, one hundred or dozen.

H. M. HALL.

PRAIRIE AND PEARS,

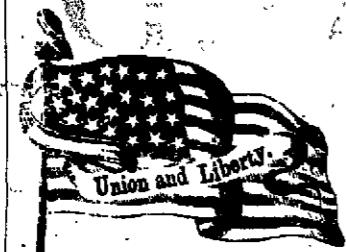
A fine supply of the best quality, just received and for sale at

R. M. HALL.

MORTGAGES.

IN THE VERY BEST STYLE AND FORM,

WITH MOST OPINION REPUTED BY SALE AT THE HERALD OFFICE.

ELECTION RETURNS.**REPUBLICAN GAINS EVERYWHERE.****PENNSYLVANIA TWENTY THOUSAND UNION MAJORITY.****REPUBLICAN GAIN OF TWO CONGRESSMEN.****PENNSYLVANIA.**

Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—2:30 P.M.—The following is the latest estimate of the Press:

Adam county, Clymer 150; Allegheny county, Geary 9,000; Armstrong county, Geary 3,000; Beaver county, Geary 900; Bedford county, Geary 3,000; Blair 800; Cambria, Geary 2,500; Clinton county, Clymer 1,500; Clearfield county, Clymer 1,000; Clinton county, Clymer 600; Columbia county, Clymer 1,200; Bradford county, Geary 3,000; Bucks county, Clymer 1,000; Crawford county, Geary 1,500; Cambria county, Geary 600; Cambria county, Geary 4,000; Fayette county, Clymer 900; Franklin county, Geary 2,500; Fulton county, Clymer 200; Forest county, no return; Greene county, Clymer 1,500; Huntingdon county, Clymer 800; Juniata county, Clymer 500; Lancaster county, Geary 6,000; Lehigh county, Geary 1,500; McKean county, Geary 1,000; Mercer county, Geary 600; Millin county, Monroe county, Clymer 2,000; Montgomery county, Clymer 1,100; Northampton county, Clymer 3,000; Northumberland county, Clymer 2,500; Perry county, Clymer 1,500; Pike county, Clymer 300; Potter county, Geary 1,000; Sullivan county, Geary 300; Union county, Geary 1,500; Tioga county, Geary 1,000; Venango county, Geary 400; Warren county, Geary 800; Washington county, Geary 1,000; Wyoming county, Clymer 100; York county, Clymer 2,000.

Total for Geary, 22,000. Total for Clymer, 27,700. Geary is a majority of 15,180.

Scattering returns from the First District indicate Kendall's re-election by over 4,000 majority.

PHILADELPHIA CITY, Oct. 10.

In the 12th Congressional District Denison (Dem.) is re-elected to Congress. His election is to be contested.

The Republicans lose the State Senator in the 1st District.

In the 8th Congressional District Taylor (Rep.) is re-elected.

Foye's Press has received telegraphic despatches dated this morning, indicating the election of Cope (Rep.) in the 10th Congressional District by about 500 majority, and also the possible election of Covode (Rep.) in the 21st Congressional District. Indiana county giving him 2,200 majority.

These despatches to the Press estimate that the Congressional Delegation will stand 18 Republicans to 10 Democrats, and that Geary will be elected Governor by 18,000 majority, possibly 20,000.

The Democratic State Central Committee have received despatches from Indiana estimating their majority at 10,000.

Their estimate of the majority of Geary is 5,000, with the prospect that it will be reduced. Their returns from the 21st Congressional District indicate the election of Weil (Dem.) over Covode (Rep.). The following is the result: Indiana county, 2,200 Rep. majority; Fayette county, 1,100 Dem. majority; Westmoreland county, 1,400 Dem. majority; Cambria county, 1,000 Dem. majority. Committee also make the 10th Congressional District very close, with the possibility of the election of Dr. Glouster (Dem.) with 500 majority, and also the possible election of Covode (Rep.) in the 21st Congressional District Indiana county giving him 2,200 majority.

The greatest anxiety is expressed here from the Northern states, especially Tioga, Bradford and Susquehanna.

Washington county indicates a Democratic victory on McClellan's vote of 350.

Elk county gives 500 majority for Clymer, a gain of 13.

The evening Bulletin estimates Geary's majority in the State will be about 17,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10.

Lawrence county gives a Republican majority of 2,000, with all the districts heard from. Westmoreland county gives a Democratic majority of about 1,000, and Fayette county a Democratic majority of 900, which is overcome by Indiana county giving Covode a majority of 2,000.

Covode is certainly elected by about 3,000 majority.

The Standard, Oct. 10.

The party of Royal Engineers who lately arrived are in-petting the country to decide upon the feasibility of erecting fortifications.

The 1st regiment had no sooner disembarked at Quebec than orders were received sending them immediately to Bermuda.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.

The Grand Jury at the session of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, sitting here last week, indicted Drs. Jonathan Edward Turner and Thos. Jefferson Gardner, Superintendent and Assistant Physician of the State Insane Asylum for casting fire to the north wing of that building on the 16th of September, 1864, by which that portion was destroyed. Drs. Turner and Gardner gave bail in the sum of \$50,000 each to appear and answer to the charge.

TOMORROW, Oct. 10.

The party of Royal Engineers who lately arrived are in-petting the country to decide upon the feasibility of erecting fortifications.

The 1st regiment had no sooner disembarked at Quebec than orders were received sending them immediately to Bermuda.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.

The Grand Jury at the session of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, sitting here last week, indicted Drs. Jonathan Edward Turner and Thos. Jefferson Gardner, Superintendent and Assistant Physician of the State Insane Asylum for casting fire to the north wing of that building on the 16th of September, 1864, by which that portion was destroyed. Drs. Turner and Gardner gave bail in the sum of \$50,000 each to appear and answer to the charge.

TOMORROW, Oct. 10.

The party of Royal Engineers who lately arrived are in-petting the country to decide upon the feasibility of erecting fortifications.

The 1st regiment had no sooner disembarked at Quebec than orders were received sending them immediately to Bermuda.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.

The Grand Jury at the session of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, sitting here last week, indicted Drs. Jonathan Edward Turner and Thos. Jefferson Gardner, Superintendent and Assistant Physician of the State Insane Asylum for casting fire to the north wing of that building on the 16th of September, 1864, by which that portion was destroyed. Drs. Turner and Gardner gave bail in the sum of \$50,000 each to appear and answer to the charge.

TOMORROW, Oct. 10.

The party of Royal Engineers who lately arrived are in-petting the country to decide upon the feasibility of erecting fortifications.

The 1st regiment had no sooner disembarked at Quebec than orders were received sending them immediately to Bermuda.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.

The Grand Jury at the session of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, sitting here last week, indicted Drs. Jonathan Edward Turner and Thos. Jefferson Gardner, Superintendent and Assistant Physician of the State Insane Asylum for casting fire to the north wing of that building on the 16th of September, 1864, by which that portion was destroyed. Drs. Turner and Gardner gave bail in the sum of \$50,000 each to appear and answer to the charge.

TOMORROW, Oct. 10.

The party of Royal Engineers who lately arrived are in-petting the country to decide upon the feasibility of erecting fortifications.

The 1st regiment had no sooner disembarked at Quebec than orders were received sending them immediately to Bermuda.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.

The Grand Jury at the session of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, sitting here last week, indicted Drs. Jonathan Edward Turner and Thos. Jefferson Gardner, Superintendent and Assistant Physician of the State Insane Asylum for casting fire to the north wing of that building on the 16th of September, 1864, by which that portion was destroyed. Drs. Turner and Gardner gave bail in the sum of \$50,000 each to appear and answer to the charge.

TOMORROW, Oct. 10.

The party of Royal Engineers who lately arrived are in-petting the country to decide upon the feasibility of erecting fortifications.

The 1st regiment had no sooner disembarked at Quebec than orders were received sending them immediately to Bermuda.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.

Titusville Morning Herald.

TUESDAY, Oct. 11, 1866.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Travelers' Guide.

oil creek railroad.
TUESDAY, Oct. 11, 1866.
10:45 a.m. - dep. Titusville-Arco. Gary 110.
10:45 p.m. " " " 2:30 p.m.
10:25 p.m. " " " 12:25 p.m.
10:25 a.m. " " " Bld. Farm 7:30 a.m.
10:30 a.m. " " " 11:15 a.m.
10:30 p.m. " " " 12:15 p.m.
10:25 p.m. " " " 9:15 p.m.
See Oil Creek Railroad Time Table.
See Franklin and Warren Time Table.
TUESDAY, Oct. 11, 1866.
POMEROY'S PITTSBURGH AND WEST RAILROAD EXPRESS.
1:30 p.m. dep. Titusville-Arco. Gary 110.
1:30 p.m. dep. W. H. H. 6:30 p.m.
See Atlantic & Great Western R. R. Time Table.
See Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Time Table.

TITUSVILLE HOTEL DIRECTORY.
Crittenden House, Pitts., Et C. Crittenden, Proprietor.
American Hotel, Spring St., Et C. Franklin and Wash. Aron.
The House, Franklin St., between Pine and Main Sts.
McFarlin House, Spring St., corner Washington St.
Pondicherly Hotel, Franklin St., corner of Pine St.
Pondicherly Hotel, Franklin and Martin Sts.
See cards of above houses on file page.

PETROLEUM CENTRE HOTEL DIRECTORY.

Hows House, G. J. Cross & Co.
Rochester House, J. S. McCrae.

Alex House, G. W. Allen.

Old Exchange Hotel, Boyd Farm—Leeds Green & Co.

See cards of above houses on file page.

HEADLING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

Republican Union Club Meeting To-Night.
A business meeting of the Republican Union Club will be held THIS EVENING at 7 o'clock. A general attendance is requested, as business of considerable importance will be presented.

All persons having bills or accounts against the Club are requested to present them this evening.

The Elections.

Contrary to expectation, we are not yet fully advised as to the results of the election in this State. Geary's success is pretty generally conceded even from Democratic sources, but his majority falls below the popular expectation.—The colonization of several thousand Government employees at Philadelphia has proportionately reduced the heavy Republican majorities in that city, but it is hoped these losses will be fully made up in the interior.

At the hour of writing 11 a.m., our dispatches from Philadelphia report 600 as heard from, a majority of 15,180 for Geary. Randall (Dem.) is re-elected in the 1st District, and Kelley (Rep.) in the 4th District. The Democrats gain one State Senator and two members of the Legislature in Philadelphia.

Allegheny county rolls up over 9,000 Republican majority. Hon. Thomas Williams and J. K. Moorhead are re-elected to Congress. Mr. Schieffel, is re-elected in the Erie District. Both were considered doubtful and large sums of money were expended to secure their defeat.

Erie county gives 4,000 Republican majority.

While it does not appear that the Republicans have lost a single district, the Philadelphia Press claims that we have gained two Congressmen, viz: Cope in the 10th and Konz in the 13th districts. The first is positive.

Gen. Geary's majority in this District will not vary far from 1,800. Mr. Finney's majority, it is thought will exceed 1,400. Joseph T. Chase, for Assembly, leads the Republican ticket in this county. Our latest news is that Crawford county gives 1,700 majority, with nine townships to their credit.

For the convenience of reference, we give a list of the candidates as follows:—names of present members in Italics:

Dist. Republicans. Democrats.
1. E. C. Knight. Samuel N. Kendall
2. Charles H. H. Moore. John H. Byrne
3. Edward Rogers. Charles Rockweller
4. William H. Kelly. George L. Moore
5. Caleb N. Taylor. Henry P. Bates
6. David Thomas. H. Hardick Bayor
7. John M. Diamond. Nationalist
8. D. J. Lincoln. Lawrence Getz
9. Thaddeus Stevens. Samuel J. Reynolds
10. Gen. H. L. Cope. Dr. C. G. Gloummer
11. Gen. William H. H. D. M. Van Anken
12. James Archibald. Charles D. Johnson
13. George F. Fisher. William Powell
14. George H. H. Moore. J. J. Gloummer
15. Gen. W. H. Knott. McDonald Sharpe
16. D. J. Morell. R. L. Johnson
17. S. F. Wilson. T. P. Wright
18. Glenelv Colleefield. W. L. Scott
19. D. A. Finney. Gen. A. B. McCommon
20. John Covode. Hugh H. Weir
21. Gen. J. K. Moorhead. Gen. J. B. Swetzer
22. Thomas Williams. G. W. Chids
23. George V. Lawrence. William Montgomery

The news from Ohio shows heavy Union gains.

In all parts of the State, The Western Reserve has fully maintained its prestige. There is no doubt that the seventeen Republican Congressmen are re-elected, and the majority of the State approximates 50,000.

Indiana republicans "My Policy" in the most emphatic and decisive manner, their Union majority being estimated at fully 25,000, which is an increase of 5,000 over that of last year.

Meager returns from Iowa indicate similar results. Enough is known to establish the fact that she has improved upon her former record. The Republicans majority will range between 20,000 and 25,000. The entire Congressional delegation is also Republican.

LATER.

Our next dispatches are very encouraging.—The Democratic State Central Committee concede the success of Geary by 5,000 majority. The Press claims the State by 20,000 majority. Geary is certainly elected in the 21st District.

As goes Pennsylvania so goes the Union.

THE DISSENTIAL LIST.—We are informed that Dissenters lists were printed by the Clerk of Courts at Meadville and forwarded to the Judges and Inspectors of every election district. Those intended for Titusville we are assured were confined to the care of one of our citizens who was in Meadville on Saturday last. In what manner he disposed of them we are unable to say, but it is certain that he violated his trust and did not deliver them to the Election Board. And now we want to know his name. Will Mr. Hollister inform us?

A citizen of Rome township furnished us yesterday with a duplicate copy of the list, which on examination we find contain the names of thirty-one persons who reside in this city. What proportion of them voted can be ascertained by comparison with the tally lists of the Election Board.

GOOD FOR PLEASANTVILLE.—We have a dispatch from Squire Connell, of Pleasantville, reporting the Republicen majority in Pleasantville and Allegheny township at 125. This is at least 50 better than we had any reason to expect. The majority in Pleasantville alone is 61.

BURGLARY.—A store in Duncansburg, four miles beyond Cherry Tree on the road to Frankfort, was broken into on the evening of the 9th, and money to the amount of \$300 abstracted from the safe which the thieves unlocked by means of false keys. No clue to the perpetrator of the crime has yet been ascertained.

FACTS ARE COMING TO LIGHT WHICH SHOW THAT scores of illegal votes were cast in this city on Tuesday for the Democratic ticket, and in several instances perjury was added to the offence. We hope that every case of illegal voting will be prosecuted in the courts. We care not what are the offenders' politics, occupation or social standing, the purity of the ballot demands that they shall receive the proper penalties for their malcontents, that others may be warned by their

actions.

THANKSGIVING.—The President has designated the 26th of November as a day to set apart for national thanksgiving and prayer. The proclamation will be found on our first page. It will be enthusiastically observed throughout the loyal States.

OUR ESTEEMED FRIEND MR. FARNY, favors us with a very easy and easily on Flattery, which "creation's lord" may read with profit as well as pleasure.

STEVENS TOWNSHIP gives 145 majority for Geary and 140 majority for Finney. This is even better than we promised.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

It turns out that Santa Anna is not a French spy after all, and that his visit to this country was not one of pleasure, but that he is trying to secure popular sympathy if not the aid of our Government to re-establish a Republic in Mexico. He has had diplomatic negotiations or interviews with the State Department, and the other day he addressed a formal assembly on Staten Island and received endorsement from President Roberts of that organization. We observe that the New York Times, which is understood to speak for the administration, now advocates forcible intervention in Mexican affairs on the part of the Federal Government.

When Johnson came into power he was backed up by an undivided North, but his policy of reconstruction has not found favor with the people. He has lost the lead of his party and the confidence of the country, and he probably sees in the Mexican situation a brilliant opportunity to retrieve his popularity. His probable reasons that he subdues Napoleon and proclaims himself the deliverer of poor Mexico from the Imperial yoke will strike a sympathetic chord in the American bosom over sympathizing with oppressed people. The Herald says it is the "manifest destiny of the United States to propagate free institutions peaceably or by force on this continent; that Canada, Mexico, Cuba and Brazil are all to be regenerated and either absorbed in or assimilated to us. The Times advocates the sending of 80,000 troops under the lead of Grant, Sherman or Sheridan to Mexico to protect the citizens of that country in a civil revolution established by popular vote—to put down insidious strife and guerrilla warfare. The expenses of this intervention the Times would assess upon the Mexican people, claiming that they would be willing to pay the cost of restoring and securing to them peace, order, protection and a stable Republican Government. Undoubtedly the present is an opportune moment for chastising the insolence of France. The star of the Empire is on the wane. Napoleon has his hands full of European complications. But it would seem to us that if we drive Maximilian out and turn his throne into the sea, we shall have fulfilled all that the "Monroe Doctrine" requires of us. It seems to us that our business is to let Mexico alone—that we let our neighbors work out their own salvation. We have no more right to interfere on behalf of our institutions than France has on behalf of hers. The fundamental ideas on which our institutions were based was the intelligence and virtue of the people—Unless a people possess these qualifications, all attempts at self government will prove abortive—and will sooner or later culminate in despotism or dissolve in anarchy.

We have no faith in the stability of Governments made to order by one people for another between whom there is no agreement in religion, language, traditions, associations, modes of thought, and between whom there is nothing in common but a common harmony.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1860.

In his recent diplomatic circular, the Emperor Napoleon gives it as his opinion that "one century hence the United States of America will contain one hundred millions of inhabitants."

But the Chicago Tribune estimates that this nation will contain one hundred millions of people before the close of this century, which is only thirty-four years hence. For seven consecutive decennial enumerations it has been found that the United States increased at the rate of thirty-five per cent every ten years, or three percent per annum compounded. In other words, the population of this Union doubles once in every twenty-three years. Our population was 31,000,000 in 1830. In 1850, it will exceed 60,000,000, and in seventeen years thereafter, or in the year 1860, the population will exceed 100,000,000. And thus, without calculating the effect of the annexation of Canada, Mexico, Central America and the West Indies, which will all be incorporated in the American Union long before the close of this century. With these accessions of population, and territory to sustain population, the number of inhabitants of the United States of America on the first day of January, A. D. 1860, will not be a soul less than one hundred and forty millions, or equal to the then population of France, Prussia, Great Britain and Spain, and will possess warlike resources far greater than all of them combined. The French Emperor boasts that France and Algeria contain about forty millions of inhabitants. Four years hence the United States will contain forty millions without the Caguanas, and forty-four millions with them. A century hence this Republic will contain more population, wealth and power than all the nations of Europe rolled in one.

INSCRIPTION OF THE NEWS.—The thanks of our citizens are due to Mr. Jacob Strauss for throwing open the spacious and elegant Corinthian Hall, on Tuesday evening, for the accommodation of the general public. Everybody was impatient to hear the news and Republicans and Democrats came together to compare notes and exchange fraternal greetings at the conclusion of an unusually exciting contest. The tidings of victory for either party were received with the same manifestations of delight, and citizens of both political parties were called to the platform to participate in the "oratorical" performances for the entertainment of the audience.

The meeting remained in session till after 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The disputes were meager, but gave sufficient information to indicate the general drift of the election. Messrs. C. E. Foster, manager of the Western Union Line, P. C. Hayes, assistant, and M. F. Robinson, formerly in charge of the office, were the telegraph operators who supplied the news, and they stood to their posts till the last gun was fired. They are entitled to the public thanks.

THE REPUBLICAN VOTE.—The last copy of the Monday Journal was to this effect:

"Does any sane man believe that D. A. Finney will receive as many votes in Titusville on the day of election as he received there at the primary meeting?"

At the primary meeting Mr. Finney received 372 votes. At the election on Tuesday Mr. Finney received 395 votes. I put that to your mind, you think it is true, you holding vagabond!

GOOD FOR PLEASANTVILLE.—We have a dispatch from Squire Connell, of Pleasantville, reporting the Republicen majority in Pleasantville and Allegheny township at 125. This is at least 50 better than we had any reason to expect. The majority in Pleasantville alone is 61.

FLATTERY.—A store in Duncansburg, four miles beyond Cherry Tree on the road to Frankfort, was broken into on the evening of the 9th, and money to the amount of \$300 abstracted from the safe which the thieves unlocked by means of false keys. No clue to the perpetrator of the crime has yet been ascertained.

FACTS ARE COMING TO LIGHT WHICH SHOW THAT scores of illegal votes were cast in this city on Tuesday for the Democratic ticket, and in several instances perjury was added to the offence. We hope that every case of illegal voting will be prosecuted in the courts. We care not what are the offenders' politics, occupation or social standing, the purity of the ballot demands that they shall receive the proper penalties for their malcontents, that others may be warned by their

actions.

THANKSGIVING.—The President has designated the 26th of November as a day to set apart for national thanksgiving and prayer. The proclamation will be found on our first page. It will be enthusiastically observed throughout the loyal States.

OUR ESTEEMED FRIEND MR. FARNY, favors us with a very easy and easily on Flattery, which "creation's lord" may read with profit as well as pleasure.

STEVENS TOWNSHIP gives 145 majority for Geary and 140 majority for Finney. This is even better than we promised.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

It turns out that Santa Anna is not a French

spy after all, and that his visit to this country was not one of pleasure, but that he is trying to

secure popular sympathy if not the aid of our

Government to re-establish a Republic in Mexico.

He has had diplomatic negotiations or

interviews with the State Department, and the other day he addressed a formal assembly on Staten Island and received endorsement from President Roberts of that organization. We observe that the New York Times, which is understood to speak for the administration, now advocates forcible intervention in Mexican affairs on the part of the Federal Government.

When Johnson came into power he was backed up by an undivided North, but his policy of

reconstruction has not found favor with the people. He has lost the lead of his party and the confidence of the country, and he probably sees in the Mexican situation a brilliant opportunity to retrieve his popularity. His probable reasons that he subdues Napoleon and proclaims himself the deliverer of poor Mexico from the Imperial yoke will strike a sympathetic chord in the American bosom over sympathizing with oppressed people. The Herald says it is the "manifest destiny of the United States to propagate free institutions peaceably or by force on this continent; that Canada, Mexico, Cuba and Brazil are all to be regenerated and either absorbed in or assimilated to us. The Times advocates the sending of 80,000 troops under the lead of Grant, Sherman or Sheridan to Mexico to protect the citizens of that country in a civil revolution established by popular vote—to put down insidious strife and guerrilla warfare. The expenses of this intervention the Times would assess upon the Mexican people, claiming that they would be willing to pay the cost of restoring and securing to them peace, order, protection and a stable Republican Government. Undoubtedly the present is an opportune moment for chastising the insolence of France. The star of the Empire is on the wane. Napoleon has his hands full of European complications. But it would seem to us that if we drive Maximilian out and turn his throne into the sea, we shall have fulfilled all that the "Monroe Doctrine" requires of us. It seems to us that our business is to let Mexico alone—that we let our neighbors work out their own salvation. We have no more right to interfere on behalf of our institutions than France has on behalf of hers. The fundamental ideas on which our institutions were based was the intelligence and virtue of the people—Unless a people possess these qualifications, all attempts at self government will prove abortive—and will sooner or later culminate in despotism or dissolve in anarchy.

We have no faith in the stability of Governments made to order by one people for another between whom there is no agreement in religion, language, traditions, associations, modes of thought, and between whom there is nothing in common but a common harmony.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1860.

In his recent diplomatic circular, the Emperor Napoleon gives it as his opinion that "one century hence the United States of America will contain one hundred millions of inhabitants."

But the Chicago Tribune estimates that this nation will contain one hundred millions of people before the close of this century, which is only thirty-four years hence. For seven consecutive decennial enumerations it has been found that the United States increased at the rate of thirty-five per cent every ten years, or three percent per annum compounded. In other words, the population of this Union doubles once in every twenty-three years. Our population was 31,000,000 in 1830. In 1850, it will exceed 60,000,000, and in seventeen years thereafter, or in the year 1860, the population will exceed 100,000,000. And thus, without calculating the effect of the annexation of Canada, Mexico, Central America and the West Indies, which will all be incorporated in the American Union long before the close of this century. With these accessions of population, and territory to sustain population, the number of inhabitants of the United States of America on the first day of January, A. D. 1860, will not be a soul less than one hundred and forty millions, or equal to the then population of France, Prussia, Great Britain and Spain, and will possess warlike resources far greater than all of them combined. The French Emperor boasts that France and Algeria contain about forty millions of inhabitants. Four years hence the United States will contain forty millions without the Caguanas, and forty-four millions with them. A century hence this Republic will contain more population, wealth and power than all the nations of Europe rolled in one.

INSCRIPTION OF THE NEWS.—The thanks of our citizens are due to Mr. Jacob Strauss for throwing open the spacious and elegant Corinthian Hall, on Tuesday evening, for the accommodation of the general public. Everybody was impatient to hear the news and Republicans and Democrats came together to compare notes and exchange fraternal greetings at the conclusion of an unusually exciting contest. The tidings of victory for either party were received with the same manifestations of delight, and citizens of both political parties were called to the platform to participate in the "oratorical" performances for the entertainment of the audience.

The meeting remained in session till after 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The disputes were meager, but gave sufficient information to indicate the general drift of the election. Messrs. C. E. Foster, manager of the Western Union Line, P. C. Hayes, assistant, and M. F. Robinson, formerly in charge of the office, were the telegraph operators who supplied the news, and they stood to their posts till the last gun was fired. They are entitled to the public thanks.

THE REPUBLICAN VOTE.—The last copy of the Monday Journal was to this effect:

"Does any sane man believe that D. A. Finney will receive as many votes in Titusville on the day of election as he received there at the primary meeting?"

At the primary meeting Mr. Finney received 372 votes. At the election on Tuesday Mr. Finney received 395 votes. I put that to your mind, you think it is true, you holding vagabond!

GOOD FOR PLEASANTVILLE.—We have a dispatch from Squire Connell, of Pleasantville, reporting the Republicen majority in Pleasantville and Allegheny township at 125. This is at least 50 better than we had any reason to expect. The majority in Pleasantville alone is 61.

FLATTERY.—A store in Duncansburg, four miles beyond Cherry Tree on the road to Frankfort, was broken into on the evening of the 9th, and money to the amount of \$300 abstracted from the safe which the thieves unlocked by means of false keys. No clue to the perpetrator of the crime has yet been ascertained.

FACTS ARE COMING TO LIGHT WHICH SHOW THAT scores of illegal votes were

